

GENERAL ASSEMBLY COMMONWEALTH OF KENTUCKY

2010 REGULAR SESSION

HOUSE BILL NO. 1

AS ENACTED

WEDNESDAY, APRIL 14, 2010

TREY GRAYSON
SECRETARY OF STATE
COMMONWEALTH OF KENTUCKY

AN ACT relating to public safety.

Be it enacted by the General Assembly of the Commonwealth of Kentucky:

- Section 1. KRS 403.720 is amended to read as follows:
- 2 As used in KRS 403.715 to 403.785:
- 3 (1) "Domestic violence and abuse" means physical injury, serious physical injury,
- sexual abuse, assault, or the infliction of fear of imminent physical injury, serious
- 5 physical injury, sexual abuse, or assault between family members or members of an
- 6 unmarried couple;
- 7 (2) "Family member" means a spouse, including a former spouse, a grandparent, a
- parent, a child, a stepchild, or any other person living in the same household as a
- 9 child if the child is the alleged victim; related by consanguinity or affinity within
- 10 the second degree; and]
- 11 (3) "Global positioning monitoring system" means a system that electronically
- determines a person's location through global positioning satellite technology,
- radio frequency technology, or a combination thereof and reports the location of
- an individual through the use of a transmitter or similar device worn by that
- individual and that transmits latitude and longitude data to a monitoring entity.
- 16 The term does not include any system that contains or operates global positioning
- 17 <u>system technology, or any other similar technology, that is implanted or otherwise</u>
- invades or violates the individual's body; and
- 19 (4) "Member of an unmarried couple" means each member of an unmarried couple
- which allegedly has a child in common, any children of that couple, or a member of
- an unmarried couple who are living together or have formerly lived together.
- → Section 2. KRS 403.740 is amended to read as follows:
- 23 (1) If, upon review of the petition, as provided for in KRS 403.735, the court
- 24 determines that the allegations contained therein indicate the presence of an
- 25 immediate and present danger of domestic violence and abuse, the court shall issue,

1		upoi	n proper motion, ex parte, an emergency protective order:
2		(a)	Restraining the adverse party from any contact or communication with the
3			petitioner except as directed by the court;
4		(b)	Restraining the adverse party from committing further acts of domestic
5			violence and abuse;
6		(c)	Restraining the adverse party from disposing of or damaging any of the
7			property of the parties;
8		(d)	Restraining the adverse party from going to or within a specified distance of
9			a specifically described residence, school, or place of employment of the
10			petitioner, minor child of the petitioner, family member, or member of an
11			unmarried couple protected in the order;
12		<u>(e)</u>	Directing the adverse party to vacate the residence shared by the parties to the
13			action;
14		(1)	e)] Utilizing the criteria set forth in KRS 403.270, 403.320, and KRS
15			403.822, grant temporary custody; [or]
16		<u>(g)</u>	Restraining the adverse party from approaching the petitioner or a minor
17			child of the petitioner within a distance specified in the order, not to exceed
18			five hundred (500) feet; or
19		<u>(h)</u> {(Enter other orders the court believes will be of assistance in eliminating
20			future acts of domestic violence and abuse; or any combination thereof, except
21			that the use of a global positioning monitoring system shall not be ordered.
22	(2)	Exce	ept as provided in KRS 403.036, if the court issues an emergency protective
23		orde	r pursuant to subsection (1) of this section, the court shall not order or refer the
24		parti	es to mediation for resolution of the issues alleged in the petition filed pursuant
25		to K	RS 403.735.
26	(3)	An	emergency protective order issued in accordance with this section shall be
27		issue	ed without bond being required of the petitioner.

(4) An emergency protective order issued in accordance with this section shall be effective until the full hearing provided for in this subsection or in KRS 403.745, or until withdrawn by the court for a period of time fixed in the order, but not to exceed fourteen (14) days. Upon the issuance of an emergency protective order, the court shall set a date and time for a full hearing, within fourteen (14) days as provided for in KRS 403.745, and shall summon the adverse party to appear. If, at the hearing, the adverse party is not present and has not been served, the emergency protective order shall remain in place, and the court shall direct the issuance of a new summons for a hearing set not more than fourteen (14) days in the future. [shall be fixed not later than the expiration date of the emergency protective order. An emergency protective order shall be reissued for a period not to exceed fourteen (14) days] If service has not been made on the adverse party prior to seventy-two (72) hours before that hearing or a subsequent hearing, the emergency protective order shall remain in place and the court shall continue the hearing and issue a new summons with a new date and time for the hearing to occur, which shall be within fourteen (14) days of the originally scheduled date for the continued hearing. Before issuing the new summons, the court shall note the length of time that has passed since the issuance of the emergency protective order, during which the adverse party has not been served. The court shall repeat the process of continuing the hearing and reissuing a new summons after noting the lapse of time since the issuance of the emergency protective order until the adverse party is served at least seventy-two (72) hours in advance of the scheduled hearing. In issuing the summons, the court shall simultaneously transmit a copy of the summons or notice of its issuance and provisions to the petitioner by the fixed court date and time or as the court determines is necessary for the protection of the petitioner].

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The adverse party shall be personally served with a copy of the emergency

1		protective order, a copy of the <u>summons</u> [notice] setting the full hearing, and a copy
2		of the petition. Service may be made in the manner and by the persons authorized to
3		serve subpoenas under the provisions of Rule 45.03 of the Rules of Civil Procedure.
4		No service fee shall be assessed to the petitioner.
5	<u>(6)</u>	(a) The provisions of this section permitting the continuance of an emergency
6		protective order shall be limited to six (6) months from the issuance of the
7		initial emergency protective order.
8		(b) If the respondent has not been served within the six (6) month period, the
9		emergency protective order shall be rescinded without prejudice. Prior to
10		the expiration of the emergency protective order, the court shall provide
11		notice to the petitioner stating that if the petitioner does not file a new
12		petition the order shall be rescinded without prejudice.
13		(c) A new emergency protective order shall not be issued by the court unless the
14		petitioner files a new petition, which shall start the six (6) month process
15		again.
16		d) The total length of time that a series of emergency protective orders may
17		remain in effect without the respondent being served shall not exceed two
18		(2) years.
19		→ SECTION 3. A NEW SECTION OF KRS 403.715 TO 403.785 IS CREATED
20	TO	EAD AS FOLLOWS:
21	<u>(1)</u>	Prior to a hearing on a domestic violence order, the petitioner or the respondent
22		nay request the court to obtain the information specified in this subsection, or
23		he court on its own motion may obtain the information specified in this
24		subsection:
25		(a) Obtain the respondent's Kentucky criminal history from the Department of
26		Kentucky State Police or the Administrative Office of the Courts; and
27		(b) Obtain the history of any Kentucky emergency protective orders or domestic

1	violence orders relating to the respondent, and the record of compliance
2	with those orders from the Administrative Office of the Courts.
3	(2) After obtaining the information requested in subsection (1) of this section, the
4	court shall review the documents which have been received and shall:
5	(a) Consider the respondent's criminal history, paying particular attention to
6	the respondent's record of past violence, threats of violence, and danger to
7	others;
8	(b) Consider the record of any past emergency protective orders or domestic
9	violence orders entered by any Kentucky court relating to the respondent
10	and the record of the respondent's compliance or noncompliance with those
11	orders; and
12	(c) Utilize that information at any hearing required by KRS 403.740 or 403.745
13	to assess which sanctions may protect against danger to the petitioner or a
14	family member or member of an unmarried couple for whom protection is
15	being sought.
16	(3) The court shall provide a copy of the respondent's criminal history information,
17	emergency protective order history information, and domestic violence order
18	history information to the petitioner and to the respondent or counsel for the
19	petitioner and counsel for the respondent in accordance with the provisions of
20	CR 26, including CR 26.03, of the Rules of Civil Procedure.
21	→SECTION 4. A NEW SECTION OF KRS 403.715 TO 403.785 IS CREATED
22	TO READ AS FOLLOWS:
23	(1) (a) Based upon the information which the court has received as required by
24	Section 3 of this Act, including but not limited to the respondent's Kentucky
25	criminal history, the respondent's domestic violence order history, domestic
26	violence order compliance history, and the information contained in the
27	petition, the court may, if the court deems it appropriate, suggest that the

1		petitioner contact the county attorney.
2	<u>(b)</u>	If the court decides to refer the petitioner to the county attorney, the court
3		shall explain to the petitioner that the purpose of the meeting is so that the
4		county attorney can explain to the petitioner the options that the petitioner
5		may have with regard to the filing of criminal charges regarding any
6		alleged act of domestic violence within the purview of KRS 403.715 to
7		<u>403.785.</u>
8	<u>(c)</u>	The court shall explain to the petitioner that contacting the county attorney
9		is voluntary and not mandatory.
10	(2) If the	he petitioner decides to contact the county attorney, the court shall notify the
11	<u>cou</u>	nty attorney and assist in facilitating a meeting between the petitioner and the
12	<u>cou</u>	nty attorney.
13	(3) At a	meeting with the petitioner, the county attorney shall:
14	<u>(a)</u>	Ascertain from the petitioner the facts of the incident;
15	<u>(b)</u>	Determine which criminal offenses may have been committed by the
16		respondent;
17	<u>(c)</u>	Advise the petitioner of the statutes which may have been violated, the
18		potential penalties involved, the details of bringing a criminal action, and
19		the standard of proof required in a criminal action; and
20	<u>(d)</u>	Such other information as the county attorney deems appropriate.
21	(4) (a)	At the meeting, the county attorney shall answer, in the fullest manner
22		possible, any questions relating to filing and prosecution of criminal
2 3		charges which the petitioner may have.
24	<u>(b)</u>	The county attorney shall explain to the petitioner that the petitioner is not
25		obligated to file criminal charges and may continue with the civil domestic
26		violence order process.
27	(5) If t	he petitioner desires to file criminal charges, the county attorney shall assist

1		the p	petitioner in filing a criminal complaint and obtaining a summons or warrant
2		of a	rrest for the respondent.
3		→ S	ection 5. KRS 403.750 is amended to read as follows:
4	(1)	Follo	owing the hearing provided for under KRS 403.740 and 403.745, the court, if it
5		finds	s from a preponderance of the evidence that an act or acts of domestic violence
6		and a	abuse have occurred and may again occur, may:
7		(a)	Restrain the adverse party from any contact or communication with the
8			petitioner except as directed by the court;
9		(b)	Restrain the adverse party from committing further acts of domestic violence
10			and abuse;
11		(c)	Restrain the adverse party from disposing of or damaging any of the property
12			of the parties;
13		(d)	Restrain the adverse party from going to or within a specified distance of a
14			specifically described residence, school, or place of employment of the
15			petitioner, minor child of the petitioner, family member, or member of an
16			unmarried couple protected in the order;
17		<u>(e)</u>	Direct the adverse party to vacate the residence shared by the parties to the
18			action;
19		<u> </u>	Utilizing the criteria set forth in KRS 403.270, 403.320, and 403.822,
20			award temporary custody;
21		<u>(g)</u> [(the Utilizing the criteria set forth in KRS 403.211, 403.212, and 403.213,
22			award temporary support;
23		<u>(h)</u> [(g)] Direct that either or both parties receive counseling services available in
24			the community, except that the court shall not order or refer the parties to
25			participate in mediation for resolution of the issues alleged in the petition filed
26			pursuant to KRS 403.715 to 403.785;[or]
27		<u>(i)</u>	Restrain the adverse party from approaching the petitioner or a minor child

1		of the petitioner within a distance specified in the order, not to exceed five
2		hundred (500) feet; or
3		(j)[(h)] Except for ordering the use of a global positioning monitoring system,
4		which shall not be utilized until after a court determines that a substantial
5		violation of a domestic violence order has occurred, enter other orders the
6		court believes will be of assistance in eliminating future acts of domestic
7		violence and abuse.
8	(2)	Any order entered pursuant to this section shall be effective for a period of time,
9		fixed by the court, not to exceed three (3) years and may be reissued upon
10		expiration for an additional period of up to three (3) years. The number of times an
11		order may be reissued shall not be limited. With respect to whether an order should
12		be reissued, any party may present to the court testimony relating to the importance
13		of the fact that acts of domestic violence or abuse have not occurred during the
14		pendency of the order.
15	(3)	Upon proper filing of a motion, either party may seek to amend a domestic violence
16		order.
17	(4)	When temporary child support is granted under the provisions of this section, the
18		court shall enter an order detailing how the child support is to be paid and collected.
19		The enforcement procedures for child support orders, entered pursuant to KRS
20		403.211, 403.212, and 403.213, including but not limited to 403.215, shall be
21		available to temporary child support orders issued under KRS 403.715 to 403.785.
22	(5)	Any order entered pursuant to this section restraining a party or parties to an action
23		shall be issued without bond being required of the petitioner.
24		→ SECTION 6. A NEW SECTION OF KRS 403.715 TO 403.785 IS CREATED
25	TO I	READ AS FOLLOWS:
26	<u>(1)</u>	Testimony taken at any hearing or other proceeding authorized by KRS 403.715
27		to 403.785 shall be taken under oath.

1	(2) (a)	Before imposing a condition described in subsection (1)(d) of Section 2 or
2		subsection (1)(d) of Section 5 of this Act, the court shall afford the
3		petitioner an opportunity to provide the court with a list of specified areas
4		from which the petitioner would like the respondent excluded and shall
5		consider the petitioner's request, if any, in determining the locations the
6		respondent will be ordered to refrain from going to or near. The petitioner
7		shall provide the court with an explanation of the reasons for and the
8		benefits of ordering the respondent to be excluded from each location.
9	<u>(b)</u>	Before imposing a condition described in subsection (1)(d) of Section 5 of
10		this Act, a court shall afford the respondent an opportunity to provide the
11		court with any objections or concerns relating to areas which the petitioner
12		has requested that the respondent be ordered to refrain from going to or
13		near. The respondent shall provide the court with an explanation of the
14		reasons for or the benefits of denying the petitioner's request that the
15		respondent be excluded from each location. If the respondent or counsel for
16		the respondent fails to appear for the hearing, the respondent is deemed to
17		waive, until and unless another hearing is set, any objection to the
18		petitioner's request.
19	(3) If th	e court imposes a condition described in subsection (1)(d) of Section 2 or
20	<u>subs</u>	ection (1)(d) of Section 5 of this Act, the court shall specifically describe the
21	loca	tions that the respondent has been ordered to refrain from going to or near
22	and :	the minimum distances, if any, that the respondent shall maintain from those
23	locar	tions. The court may consider whether the respondent may pass a prohibited
24	locar	tion when going to or from any other location and the times of and necessity
25	for n	nodifying any order to accommodate this travel, provided that the respondent
26	<u>does</u>	not interrupt his or her travel to harass, harm, or attempt to harm the
27	<u>petiti</u>	ioner <u>.</u>

1	(4) The court shall not order the respondent to refrain from going to or near a
2	location where there is not a specific, demonstrable danger to the petitioner,
3	minor child of the petitioner, family member, or member of an unmarried couple
4	protected in the order.
5	→SECTION 7. A NEW SECTION OF KRS 403.715 TO 403.785 IS CREATED
6	TO READ AS FOLLOWS:
7	(1) As used in this section, "substantial violation" means a violation of a domestic
8	violence order that has resulted in one (1) or more of the following acts by the
9	respondent against the petitioner, minor child of a petitioner, family member, or
10	member of an unmarried couple protected in the order:
11	(a) An assault prohibited by KRS Chapter 508;
12	(b) Menacing as prohibited by KRS 508.050;
13	(c) Terroristic threatening as prohibited by KRS Chapter 508;
14	(d) Stalking as prohibited by KRS Chapter 508;
15	(e) Wanton endangerment as prohibited by KRS Chapter 508;
16	(f) Kidnapping or a related offense as prohibited by KRS Chapter 509;
17	(g) A sexual offense as prohibited by KRS Chapter 510 other than indecent
18	exposure;
19	(h) Burglary as prohibited by KRS Chapter 511;
20	(i) Destruction or damage to property as prohibited by KRS Chapter 512;
21	(j) Theft as prohibited by KRS Chapter 514;
22	(k) Harassment or harassing communications as prohibited by KRS Chapter
23	<u>525; or</u>
24	(l) Any felony offense against the petitioner, minor child of the petitioner,
25	family member, or member of an unmarried couple protected in the order.
26	(2) Following a report of an alleged substantial violation of a domestic violence
27	order by a respondent and prior to any civil hearing on the alleged violation of

1		the order, the court shall obtain an updated report of the respondent's Kentucky
2		criminal history from the Administrative Office of the Courts or the Department
3		of Kentucky State Police and shall obtain from the Administrative Office of the
4	,	Courts the history of Kentucky Emergency Protective Orders and Domestic
5		Violence Orders against the respondent, together with any violations of those
6		orders.
7	<u>(3)</u>	Following an alleged substantial violation of a domestic violence order, the court
8		shall hold a hearing to determine if the violation occurred, and if the violation
9		occurred, what sanctions the court may apply. At the hearing the court shall
10		explain the sanctions which may be imposed to the petitioner and the respondent.
11		The court shall explain to the petitioner that the court may require a respondent
12		who has committed a substantial violation of the domestic violence order to wear
13		a global positioning monitoring system device in lieu of imprisoning the
14		respondent and, except as provided in this section, to pay the costs associated with
15		operating that system in relation to the respondent and the costs associated with
16		operating the system in relation to the petitioner if the petitioner elects to
17		participate.
18	<u>(4)</u>	Before imposing global positioning monitoring, the court shall provide to the
19		petitioner information regarding:
20		(a) The petitioner's right to participate in a global positioning monitoring
21		system or to refuse to participate in that system and the procedure for
22		requesting that the court terminate the petitioner's participation;
23		(b) The manner in which the global positioning monitoring system technology
24		functions and the risks and limitations of that technology, and the extent to
25		which the system will track and record the respondent's location and
26		movements;
27		(c) Any locations that the respondent is ordered to refrain from going into or

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1		near and the minimum distances, if any, that the respondent shall maintain
2		from those locations;
3	<u>(d</u>	Any sanctions that the court may impose on the respondent for violating, in
4		the future, a condition of the domestic violence order imposed under this
5		section;
6	<u>(e</u>	The procedure that the petitioner is to follow, and support services available
7		to assist the petitioner, including but not limited to a designated person or
8		office to notify if the respondent violates a condition of the domestic
9		violence order or if the global positioning monitoring equipment of the
10		respondent or of the petitioner fails; and
11	Ø	Community services available to assist the petitioner in obtaining shelter,
12		counseling, education, child care, legal representation, and other assistance
13		available to address the consequences of domestic violence.
14	(5) Pr	ior to ordering the respondent to wear a global positioning monitoring system
15	<u>de</u>	vice the court shall provide the respondent an opportunity to controvert the
16	<u>in</u> j	formation provided by the petitioner or any other source and to provide to the
17	<u>co</u>	urt the respondent's reasons why the respondent should not be ordered to wear
8	<u>a s</u>	clobal positioning monitoring system device.
9	(6) If	the court orders the respondent to wear a global positioning monitoring system
20	<u>de</u>	vice, in addition to the information described in subsection (4) of this section,
21	<u>th</u>	e court shall provide to the petitioner who participates in a global positioning
22	me	onitoring system under this section, the name and telephone number of an
23	<u>ap</u>	propriate local law enforcement agency in the county in which the order is
24	<u>iss</u>	ued whom the petitioner may call to request immediate assistance if the
25	res	spondent violates a condition of the domestic violence order imposed pursuant
26	<u>to</u>	Section 5 of this Act and this section. If the local law enforcement agency does
27	no	t provide service twenty-four (24) hours per day, seven (7) days per week, the

1	petitioner shall be instructed to call the local public safety answering point using
2	the 911 telephone number.
3	(7) If the petitioner has requested that the respondent be ordered to wear a global
4	positioning monitoring system device, the court shall, prior to ordering the
5	respondent to wear a global positioning monitoring system device under this
6	section:
7	(a) Consider the likelihood that without the utilization of a global positioning
8	monitoring system the respondent will seek to kill, assault, stalk, harass,
9	menace, or otherwise threaten the petitioner, minor child of the petitioner,
10	family member, or member of an unmarried couple protected in the order;
11	<u>and</u>
12	(b) Enter a determination of findings of fact and reasons as to why the
13	petitioner's request for the respondent to be ordered to participate in global
14	positioning monitoring is being granted or denied.
15	(8) A petitioner may request that the court terminate the petitioner's participation in
16	a global positioning monitoring system at any time.
17	(9) (a) When a court determines that the respondent shall wear a global
18	positioning monitoring system device, the court shall notify the respondent,
19	the petitioner, and the entity providing global positioning monitoring system
20	services of:
21	1. The fact that global positioning monitoring system participation has
22	been ordered;
23	2. The cost that the respondent is to pay to the entity providing the global
24	positioning monitoring system services, including but not limited to
25	the amount to be paid, the frequency of the payments, the location to
26	which the payments shall be sent, and the duration of the payments;
27	3. The cost of the administrative fee that the respondent is to pay to the

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1		county or counties providing the monitoring service;
2		4. The restrictions on the respondent with regard to locations which the
3		respondent is not to go into or near and the specific distances
4		contained in the order;
5		5. The permitted exceptions to the restrictions on the respondent which
6		relate to permitted travel by the respondent which may bring the
7		respondent near or into a location where the respondent normally
8		would be prohibited from going into or near;
9		6. The duration of time that the respondent shall wear the device which
10		shall not exceed the duration of the underlying domestic violence
11		order but which may be shorter than the underlying domestic violence
12		order. The date of expiration of the requirement to wear the device
13		shall be specified in the order;
14		7. The notifications to be made in the event that the respondent violates
15		the domestic violence order; and
16		8. Such other information as the court deems appropriate.
17	<u>(b)</u>	If the court determines that a respondent is indigent, the court may, based
18		on a sliding scale established by the Supreme Court of Kentucky by rule,
19		require the respondent to pay the costs imposed under this section in an
20		amount that is less than the full amount of the costs associated with
21		operating the global positioning monitoring system in relation to the
22		respondent or providing the petitioner with an electronic receptor device.
23	<u>(c)</u>	If a respondent pays to an entity that operates a global positioning
24		monitoring system the amount ordered by the court under this subsection,
25		the entity shall accept the amount as payment in full. Neither the
26		Commonwealth, nor the Court of Justice nor the county, urban county,
27		charter county, or consolidated local government shall be responsible for

1	payment of any costs associated with operating the global positioning
2	monitoring system in relation to an indigent respondent or petitioner.
3	(d) A court that imposes a condition described by this section shall order the
4	entity that operates the global positioning monitoring system to immediately
5	notify the petitioner, the court, and the appropriate local law enforcement
6	agency named in the order if a respondent violates a condition of the
7	domestic violence order imposed under this section or Section 5 of this Act.
8	(10) The provisions of this section do not limit the authority of a court to impose any
9	other reasonable conditions authorized by Section 2, 5, or 6 of this Act.
10	(11) (a) A respondent who has been ordered by a court to wear a global positioning
1	monitoring system monitoring device pursuant to this section shall not,
12	without written permission from the court issuing the order or a higher
13	court to which the issuance of the order has been appealed:
14	1. Fail to wear the device;
15	2. Remove a device that the respondent has been ordered to wear; or
16	3. Tamper with or destroy a device that the respondent has been ordered
17	to wear.
18	(b) A respondent who violates paragraph (a) of this subsection shall be guilty of
19	a Class D felony.
20	(c) The provisions of this section shall not apply to a respondent who, upon the
21	expiration of the order that required the respondent to wear the global
22	positioning monitoring system device, permits the entity providing the
23	monitoring to remove the device.
24	(12) A person, county, or other organization may voluntarily agree to pay all or a
25	portion of a defendant's monitoring costs specified in this section.
26	(13) (a) The provisions of this section shall not prohibit a court from imposing any
27	other authorized sanction for a substantial violation of a domestic violence

1	<u>order.</u>
2	(b) The provisions of this section shall not prohibit a court from imposing any
3	authorized sanction, other than ordering the respondent to wear a global
4	positioning system monitoring device, for a violation of a domestic violence
5	order which does not constitute a substantial violation as defined in this
6	section.
7	→SECTION 8. A NEW SECTION OF KRS 403.715 TO 403.785 IS CREATED
8	TO READ AS FOLLOWS:
9	(1) At any time following three (3) months since the entry of the order requiring the
10	respondent to wear a global positioning monitoring system device, the respondent
11	may apply to the court issuing the order for a modification shortening the
12	duration of the order or rescinding the order.
13	(2) Prior to acting on the respondent's request, the court shall conduct a hearing
14	during which the opinions of both the respondent and petitioner and the evidence
15	supporting or controverting the respondent's request shall be heard and
16	considered by the court.
17	(3) If the respondent has not violated the order requiring that the respondent wear a
18	global positioning monitoring system device, the court may shorten the duration
19	which the respondent shall be required to wear the global positioning monitoring
20	system device or may vacate the order.
21	(4) If the court denies a respondent's application to shorten the time for wearing a
22	global positioning monitoring system device or to vacate the order, the respondent
23	shall not make another application to the court for a period of six (6) months
24	from the date of the denial of the previous application.
25	→SECTION 9. A NEW SECTION OF KRS CHAPTER 67 IS CREATED TO
26	READ AS FOLLOWS:
27	Any county or combination of counties may operate a global positioning monitoring

1	syste	em program subject to the following conditions:
2	<u>(1)</u>	The program shall be assigned by ordinance to a county department or county
3		agency that agrees to operate or supervise the program continuously, twenty-four
4		(24) hours per day, seven (7) days per week;
5	<u>(2)</u>	Each county shall identify a law enforcement agency or agencies with
6		jurisdiction in the county to assist a petitioner, victim, or witness when a person
7		ordered to wear a monitoring device violates the provisions of the court's order
8		and is in need of assistance;
9	<u>(3)</u>	A county or counties electing to contract with an entity providing a global
10		positioning monitoring system and devices shall meet not less than all of the
11		requirements of this section and Section 7 of this Act;
12	<u>(4)</u>	Each county shall monitor the performance of the entity providing the global
13		positioning system and devices and shall have a provision in the contract with the
14		monitoring entity agreeing to the termination of the contract in the event of
15		serious or continued violations of the contract;
16	<u>(5)</u>	Any system chosen shall use the most appropriate global positioning technology
17		to track the person ordered to wear the monitoring device and shall include
18		technology that:
19		(a) In a domestic violence case under KRS 403.715 to 403.785:
20		1. Notifies law enforcement or other monitors of any breach of the court-
21		ordered boundaries;
22		2. Notifies the petitioner in a timely manner of any breach; and
23		3. Allows monitors to communicate directly with the person ordered to
24		wear the monitoring device; and
25		(b) In other situations in which monitoring is authorized by Sections 8, 10, 11,
26		12, 13, 14, and 15 of this Act the contracting county or combination of
27		counties shall, in the contract, specify the type and level of global

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2	(6) The monitoring entity shall agree to a price for monitoring during the duration of
3	the contract which shall not be increased but may be reduced during the duration
4	of the contract. The contract shall provide that reduced payments shall be
5	accepted by the vendor as a full payment for all purposes from persons
6	determined to be indigent by a court or other authority ordering the use of
7	monitoring. In bidding for the contract the vendor may take into account that
8	some monitored persons will not be able to pay the full cost of the monitoring or
9	may not be able to pay any cost for the monitoring. The contract shall specify that
10	no unit of state or local government and no public officer or employee shall be
11	liable for the costs of monitoring under the contract. Notwithstanding the
12	provisions of this subsection, a county or counties may agree to pay all or a part
13	of the monitoring fee to the monitoring entity if the county would have otherwise
14	been required by a court to place a person in jail at county expense and the cost
15	of the monitoring is less than the cost of placing the person in jail;
16	(7) Agreements between counties for monitoring services may, with the approval of
17	their governing bodies, be consummated by a contract signed by all counties
18	party thereto or by an interlocal cooperation agreement;
19	(8) A county utilizing a global positioning monitoring system program may charge
20	an administrative fee to a person ordered to participate in a global positioning
21	monitoring program to provide for the county's cost in administering the
22	monitoring program. The fee shall be set by ordinance and shall be in addition to
23	the fee charged by the entity contracted to provide the monitoring; and
24	(9) The provisions of Sections 1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7, and 8 of this Act shall not apply to a
25	person ordered to participate in a global positioning monitoring system under
26	Sections 11, 12, 13, 14, and 15 of this Act. The provisions of a court order that
27	relate to a person ordered to participate in a global positioning monitoring system

1		pursuant to Sections 11, 12, 13, 14, and 15 of this Act shall govern that person's
2		conduct and any reporting or other requirements ordered by the court.
3		→ SECTION 10. A NEW SECTION OF KRS CHAPTER 67 IS CREATED TO
4	REA	AD AS FOLLOWS:
5	<u>(1)</u>	"Global positioning monitoring system" has the same meaning as in Section 1 of
6		this Act.
7	<u>(2)</u>	A county or combination of counties electing to participate in a global
8		positioning monitoring system program shall, by ordinance, set other
9		requirements for global positioning monitoring system devices and for the
10		operation of the global positioning monitoring system which shall include, at a
11		minimum, the requirements contained in KRS 403.715 to 403.785 and the
12		provisions of this section and Section 9 of this Act.
13	<u>(3)</u>	A county or combination of counties electing to participate in a global
14		positioning monitoring system program shall, through a public bid process, select
15		an entity or entities to provide the best available technology with regard to global
16		positioning monitoring system devices that meet the requirements of this section
17		and Sections 1, 5, 6, 7, and 9 of this Act and a system that meets those same
18		requirements, including but not limited to the acceptance of reduced fees for
19		petitioners and indigent persons ordered to wear a monitoring device.
20	<u>(4)</u>	A person, county, or combination of counties electing to participate in a global
21		positioning monitoring system program shall continuously monitor the
22		performance of successful bidders, receive complaints regarding service, and
23		conduct hearings pursuant to KRS Chapter 13B which may result in penalties as
24		set out in the contract against an entity providing global positioning monitoring
25		system services or which may result in cancellation of the contract with the
26		provider of the service, or both. The provisions of this subsection shall be part of
27		any bid offering and any contract entered into between the county or combination

1		of counties and an entity providing global positioning monitoring system services.
2	<u>(5)</u>	A county or combination of counties electing to operate a global positioning
3		monitoring system program may utilize that program for:
4		(a) Monitoring a domestic violence respondent and petitioner pursuant to KRS
5		403.715 to 403.785;
6		(b) Monitoring the pretrial release of a person charged with a crime pursuant
7		to KRS 431.515 to 431.550;
8		(c) Monitoring a person assigned to a pretrial diversion program pursuant to
9		KRS 533.250 to 533.262; and
10		(d) Monitoring a person granted probation or conditional discharge pursuant
11		to KRS Chapter 533.
12	<u>(6)</u>	Information obtained by a global positioning monitoring system shall not be a
13		public record.
14	<u>(7)</u>	Information obtained by a global positioning monitoring system shall be used
15		only for the purpose of verifying the location of the monitored person. Global
16		positioning monitoring system information obtained from persons subject to
17		monitoring pursuant to KRS 403.715 to 403.785 shall not be utilized for any
18		criminal investigation, prosecution, or other criminal justice related purpose
19		without a valid search warrant or order issued by a court of competent
20		jurisdiction. Information obtained in violation of this subsection or without a
21		valid search warrant or court order shall be inadmissible in court for any
22		purpose.
23	<u>(8)</u>	Any person or organization who knowingly or wantonly divulges global
24		positioning monitoring system information about any person in violation of
25		subsection (6) or (7) of this section shall be guilty of a Class A misdemeanor.
26		→ Section 11. KRS 431.517 is amended to read as follows:
27	<u>(1)</u>	Except as provided in this section, home incarceration may be ordered as a form of

1	pretrial release, subject to the conditions imposed by the provisions of KRS 532.200
2	to 532.250.
3	(2) A court ordering home incarceration as a form of pretrial release pursuant to this
4	section may order the defendant to participate in a global positioning monitoring
5	system program during all or part of the time of pretrial release through the use
6	of a county-operated program pursuant to Sections 9 and 10 of this Act and not a
7	program operated by the Department of Corrections pursuant to KRS 532.210 to
8	<u>532.250.</u>
9	(3) A court ordering global positioning monitoring system program participation for
10	a defendant pursuant to this section shall:
11	(a) Require the defendant to pay all or the part of the monitoring costs based on
12	the sliding scale adopted by the Supreme Court of Kentucky as specified in
13	Section 7 of this Act and administrative costs for participating in the
14	system;
15	(b) Provide the monitoring system with a written or electronic copy of the
16	conditions of release; and
17	(c) Provide the monitoring system with a contact at the office of the circuit
18	clerk, Commonwealth's attorney, or county attorney, as appropriate, or
19	pretrial release services for reporting violations of the monitoring order.
20	(4) A person, county, or other organization may voluntarily agree to pay all or a
21	portion of a defendant's monitoring costs specified in Section 7 of this Act.
22	→ Section 12. KRS 431.518 is amended to read as follows:
23	When considering the pretrial release of a person charged with a felony offense under
24	KRS Chapter 218A or a person charged with a felony offense whose criminal record
25	indicates a history of recent and relevant substance abuse, the court considering the
26	release shall cause the court's pretrial release investigation and services office to have the
27	person screened for recent and relevant substance abuse risk factors. A person's refusal to

- 1 participate in the screening shall not disqualify the person from being granted pretrial
- 2 release. If this screening indicates the presence of recent and relevant substance abuse risk
- factors, the court may order as a condition of pretrial release that the person:
- 4 (1) Undertake any testing ordered by the court under KRS 431.520 or 431.525;
- 5 (2) Participate in an additional assessment of the person's condition;
- 6 (3) Participate in a secular or faith-based treatment or recovery program if one (1) is
- 7 identified as appropriate to the person as a result of the person's initial assessment
- or an additional assessment performed under subsection (2) of this section; and
- 9 (4) Appear at any subsequent hearing ordered by the court where the person's
- conditions of pretrial release may be reviewed and modified as the result of any
- testing performed under subsection (1) of this section, any additional assessment
- performed under subsection (2) of this section, any additional assessment of the
- defendant performed by a qualified mental health professional which the defendant
- may offer for the court's consideration, or the person's compliance with any
- treatment or recovery plan ordered by the court under subsection (3) of this section;
- 16 and
- 17 (5) Participate in a global positioning monitoring system program operated by a
- county pursuant to Sections 9 and 10 of this Act under the same terms and
- 19 <u>conditions</u> as provided in Section 11 of this Act, during all or part of the person's
- 20 <u>period of release pursuant to this section</u>.
- → Section 13. KRS 431.520 is amended to read as follows:
- 22 Any person charged with an offense shall be ordered released by a court of competent
- 23 jurisdiction pending trial on his personal recognizance or upon the execution of an
- 24 unsecured bail bond in an amount set by the court or as fixed by the Supreme Court as
- 25 provided by KRS 431.540, unless the court determines in the exercise of its discretion
- that such a release will not reasonably assure the appearance of the person as required.
- 27 When such a determination is made, the court shall, either in lieu of or in addition to the

- above methods of release, impose any of the following conditions of release:
- 2 (1) Place the person in the custody of a designated person or organization agreeing to supervise him;
- 4 (2) Place restrictions on the travel, association, or place of abode of the person during 5 the period of release;
- 6 (3) Require the execution of a bail bond:

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- 7 (a) With sufficient personal surety or sureties acceptable to the court; in
 8 determining the sufficiency of such surety, or sureties, the court shall consider
 9 his character, his place of residence, his relationship with the defendant, and
 10 his financial and employment circumstances; or
 - (b) With the 10% deposit as provided in KRS 431.530; or
 - (c) With the deposit of cash equal to the amount of the bond or in lieu thereof acceptable security as provided in KRS 431.535;
- 14 (4) If the person's record indicates a history of controlled substance or alcohol abuse, order the person to submit to periodic testing for use of controlled substances or 15 16 alcohol and pay a reasonable fee, not to exceed the actual cost of the test and 17 analysis, as determined by the court with the fee to be collected by the circuit clerk, 18 held in an agency account, and disbursed, on court order, solely to the agency or 19 agencies responsible for testing and analysis as compensation for the cost of the 20 testing and analysis performed under this subsection. If the person is declared indigent, the testing fee may be waived by the court. The Administrative Office of 21 22 the Courts shall establish pilot projects to implement the provisions of this 23 subsection;
- 24 (5) (a) During all or part of a person's period of release pursuant to this section,
 25 order the person to participate in a global positioning monitoring system
 26 program operated by a county pursuant to Sections 9 and 10 of this Act
 27 under the same terms and conditions provided under Section 11 of this Act.

1	<u>(b)</u>	If the person is charged with a sex crime as defined in KRS 17.500, consider
2		requiring that he or she be monitored electronically, and shall consider
3		requiring the person be subject to home incarceration;

- 4 (6) Impose any other condition deemed reasonably necessary to assure appearance as
 5 required, including a condition requiring that the person return to custody after
 6 specified hours;
- 7 (7) A court authorizing the release of a person pursuant to this section shall cause the issuance of an appropriate order containing a statement of the conditions imposed, if any, shall cause such person to be informed of the penalties applicable to violations of the conditions of his release, and shall cause him to be informed that a warrant for his arrest will be issued immediately upon any such violation;
- 12 A person for whom conditions of release are imposed and who after twenty-four 13 (24) hours from the time of the imposition of said conditions continues to be 14 detained as a result of his inability to meet the conditions of release shall, upon 15 written application or upon the court's own motion, be entitled to have the 16 conditions reviewed by the court which imposed them. A person who is ordered 17 released on a condition which requires that he return to custody after specified hours 18 shall, upon written application or upon the court's own motion, be entitled to a 19 review by the court which imposed the condition;
- 20 (9) If at any time following release of a defendant and before he is required to appear 21 for trial, the court is advised of a material change in the defendant's circumstances 22 or that he has not complied with all conditions imposed upon his release, the court 23 having jurisdiction may:
 - (a) Order the arrest of the defendant;

25 (b) Enter an order requiring the defendant, his surety or sureties to appear and 26 show cause why the bail bond should not be forfeited or the conditions of his 27 release be changed; or

1	(c)	Both.
	` '	

A copy of said order shall be served upon the defendant, his surety or sureties. If the defendant fails to appear before the court as ordered or if, after hearing, the court finds the conditions of release have not been complied with, the court may change the conditions imposed or forfeit the bail bond or any portion thereof and enter a judgment for the Commonwealth against the defendant and his surety or sureties for the amount of the bail bond or any portion thereof and cost of the proceedings.

→ Section 14. KRS 533.250 is amended to read as follows:

- (1) A pretrial diversion program shall be operated in each judicial circuit. The chief judge of each judicial circuit, in cooperation with the Commonwealth's attorney, shall submit a plan for the pretrial diversion program to the Supreme Court for approval on or before December 1, 1999. The pretrial diversion program shall contain the following elements:
 - (a) The program may be utilized for a person charged with a Class D felony offense who has not, within ten (10) years immediately preceding the commission of this offense, been convicted of a felony under the laws of this state, another state, or of the United States, or has not been on probation or parole or who has not been released from the service of any felony sentence within ten (10) years immediately preceding the commission of the offense;
 - (b) The program shall not be utilized for persons charged with offenses for which probation, parole, or conditional discharge is prohibited under KRS 532.045;
 - (c) No person shall be eligible for pretrial diversion more than once in a five (5) year period;
 - (d) No person shall be eligible for pretrial diversion who has committed a sex crime as defined in KRS 17.500. A person who is on pretrial diversion on July 12, 2006, may remain on pretrial diversion if the person continues to meet the requirements of the pretrial diversion and the registration requirements of

1			KRS 17.510;
2		(e)	Any person charged with an offense not specified as precluding a person from
3			pretrial diversion under paragraph (b) of this subsection may apply in writing
4			to the trial court and the Commonwealth's attorney for entry into a pretrial
5			diversion program;
6		(f)	Any person shall be required to enter an Alford plea or a plea of guilty as a
7			condition of pretrial diversion;
8		(g)	The provisions of KRS 533.251 shall be observed; and
9		(h)	The program may include as a component referral to the intensive secured
10			substance abuse treatment program developed under KRS 196.285 for persons
11			charged with a felony offense under KRS Chapter 218A and persons charged
12			with a felony offense whose record indicates a history of recent and relevant
13			substance abuse who have not previously been referred to the program under
14			KRS 533.251.
15	(2)	<u>Upo</u>	n the request of the Commonwealth's attorney, a court ordering pretrial
16		<u>dive</u>	rsion may order the person to participate in a global positioning system
17		mon	itoring system program through the use of a county-operated program
18		<u>purs</u>	suant to Sections 9 and 10 of this Act for all or part of the time during which
19		<u>a pr</u>	etrial diversion agreement is in effect.
20 ,	<u>(3)</u>	A co	ourt ordering global positioning monitoring system for a person pursuant to
21		<u>this</u>	section shall:
22		<u>(a)</u>	Require the person to pay all or a part of the monitoring costs based upon
23			the sliding scale determined by the Supreme Court of Kentucky pursuant to
24			Section 7 of this Act and administrative costs for participating in the
25			system;
26		<u>(b)</u>	Provide the monitoring system with a written or electronic copy of the
27			conditions of release; and

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1		(c) Provide the monitoring system with a contact at the office of the
2		Commonwealth's attorney for reporting violations of the monitoring order.
3	<u>(4)</u>	A person, county, or other organization may voluntarily agree to pay all or a
4		portion of a person's monitoring costs specified in subsection (3) of this section.
5	<u>(5)</u>	The court shall not order a person to participate in a global positioning
6		nonitoring system program unless the person agrees to the monitoring in open
7		court or the court determines that public safety and the nature of the person's
8		rime require the use of a global positioning monitoring system program.
9	<u>(6)</u>	The Commonwealth's attorney shall make a recommendation upon each application
10		or pretrial diversion to the Circuit Judge in the court in which the case would be
11		ried. The court may approve or disapprove the diversion.
12	<u>(7)</u> {(The court shall assess a diversion supervision fee of a sufficient amount to
13		lefray all or part of the cost of participating in the diversion program. Unless the fee
14		s waived by the court in the case of indigency, the fee shall be assessed against
15		each person placed in the diversion program. The fee may be based upon ability to
16		oay.
17		Section 15. KRS 533.030 is amended to read as follows:
18	(1)	The conditions of probation and conditional discharge shall be such as the court, in
19		ts discretion, deems reasonably necessary to insure that the defendant will lead a
20		aw-abiding life or to assist him to do so. The court shall provide as an explicit
21		condition of every sentence to probation or conditional discharge that the defendant
22		not commit another offense during the period for which the sentence remains
23		subject to revocation.
24	(2)	When imposing a sentence of probation or conditional discharge, the court may, in
25		addition to any other reasonable condition, require that the defendant:
26		a) Avoid injurious or vicious habits;
27		b) Avoid persons or places of disreputable or harmful character;

1		(c)	Work faithfully at suitable employment as far as possible;
2		(d)	Undergo available medical or psychiatric treatment and remain in a specific
3			institution as required for that purpose;
4		(e)	Post a bond, without surety, conditioned on performance of any of the
5			prescribed conditions;
6		(f)	Support his dependents and meet other family responsibilities;
7		(g)	Pay the cost of the proceeding as set by the court;
8		(h)	Remain within a specified area;
9		(i)	Report to the probation officer as directed;
10		(j)	Permit the probation officer to visit him at his home or elsewhere;
11		(k)	Answer all reasonable inquiries by the probation officer and promptly notify
12			the probation officer of any change in address or employment; [and]
13		(1)	Submit to periodic testing for the use of controlled substances or alcohol, if
14			the defendant's record indicates a controlled substance or alcohol problem,
15			and to pay a reasonable fee, as determined by the court, which fee shall not
16			exceed the actual cost of the test and analysis and shall be paid directly to the
17			agency or agencies responsible for testing and analysis as compensation for
18		•	the cost of the testing and analysis, as specified by written order of the court,
19			performed under this subsection. For good cause shown, the testing fee may
20			be waived by the court: and
21		<u>(m)</u>	During all or part of the period of probation or conditional discharge,
22			participate in a global positioning monitoring system program operated by a
23			county pursuant to Sections 9 and 10 of this Act under the same terms and
24			conditions as provided in Section 11 of this Act.
25	(3)	Whe	n imposing a sentence of probation or conditional discharge in a case where a
26		victi	m of a crime has suffered monetary damage as a result of the crime due to his
27		prop	erty having been converted, stolen, or unlawfully obtained, or its value

substantially decreased as a result of the crime, or where the victim suffered actual medical expenses, direct out-of-pocket losses, or loss of earning as a direct result of the crime, or where the victim incurred expenses in relocating for the purpose of the victim's safety or the safety of a member of the victim's household, or if as a direct result of the crime the victim incurred medical expenses that were paid by the Cabinet for Health and Family Services, the Crime Victims Compensation Board, or any other governmental entity, the court shall order the defendant to make restitution in addition to any other penalty provided for the commission of the offense. Payment of restitution to the victim shall have priority over payment of restitution to any government agency. Restitution shall be ordered in the full amount of the damages, unless the damages exceed one hundred thousand dollars (\$100,000) or twice the amount of the gain from the commission of the offense, whichever is greater, in which case the higher of these two (2) amounts shall be awarded. The court may, in lieu of ordering monetary restitution, order the defendant to make restitution by working for or on behalf of the victim. The court shall determine the number of hours of work necessary by applying the thenprevailing federal minimum wage to the total amount of monetary damage caused by or incidental to the commission of the crime. The court may, with the consent of the agency, order the defendant to work as specified in KRS 533.070. Any work ordered pursuant to this section shall not be deemed employment for any purpose, nor shall the person performing the work be deemed an employee for any purpose. Where there is more than one (1) defendant or more than one (1) victim, restitution may be apportioned. Restitution shall be subject to the following additional terms and conditions:

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(a) Where property which is unlawfully in the possession of the defendant is in substantially undamaged condition from its condition at the time of the taking, return of the property shall be ordered in lieu of monetary restitution;

1	(b)	The circuit clerk shall assess an additional fee of five percent (5%) to defray
2		the administrative costs of collection of payments or property. This fee shall
3		be paid by the defendant and shall inure to a trust and agency account which
4		shall not lapse and which shall be used to hire additional deputy clerks and
5		office personnel or increase deputy clerk or office personnel salaries, or
6		combination thereof;

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- (c) When a defendant fails to make restitution ordered to be paid through the circuit clerk or a court-authorized program run by the county attorney or the Commonwealth's attorney, the circuit clerk or court-authorized program shall notify the court; and
- (d) An order of restitution shall not preclude the owner of property or the victim who suffered personal physical or mental injury or out-of-pocket loss of earnings or support or other damages from proceeding in a civil action to recover damages from the defendant. A civil verdict shall be reduced by the amount paid under the criminal restitution order.
- (4) When requiring fees for controlled substances or alcohol tests, or other fees and payments authorized by this section or other statute, except restitution, to be paid by the defendant, the court shall not order the payments to be paid through the circuit clerk.
- When a defendant is sentenced to probation or conditional discharge, he shall be given a written statement explicitly setting forth the conditions under which he is being released.
 - (6) When imposing a sentence of probation or conditional discharge, the court, in addition to conditions imposed under this section, may require as a condition of the sentence that the defendant submit to a period of imprisonment in the county jail or to a period of home incarceration at whatever time or intervals, consecutive or nonconsecutive, the court shall determine. The time actually spent in confinement

or home incarceration pursuant to this provision shall not exceed twelve (12) months or the maximum term of imprisonment assessed pursuant to KRS Chapter 532, whichever is the shorter. Time spent in confinement or home incarceration under this subsection shall be credited against the maximum term of imprisonment assessed for the defendant pursuant to KRS Chapter 532, if probation or conditional discharge is revoked and the defendant is sentenced to imprisonment. Any prohibitions against probation, shock probation, or conditional discharge under KRS 533.060(2) or 532.045 shall not apply to persons convicted of a misdemeanor or Class D felony and sentenced to a period of confinement or home incarceration under this section.

→ Section 16. KRS 15.334 is amended to read as follows:

- 12 (1) The Kentucky Law Enforcement Council shall approve mandatory training subjects
 13 to be taught to all students attending a law enforcement basic training course that
 14 include but are not limited to:
 - (a) Abuse, neglect, and exploitation of the elderly and other crimes against the elderly, including the use of multidisciplinary teams in the investigation and prosecution of crimes against the elderly;
 - (b) The dynamics of domestic violence, child physical and sexual abuse, and rape; child development; the effects of abuse and crime on adult and child victims, including the impact of abuse and violence on child development; legal remedies for protection; lethality and risk issues; profiles of offenders and offender treatment; model protocols for addressing domestic violence, rape, and child abuse; available community resources and victim services; and reporting requirements. This training shall be developed in consultation with legal, victim services, victim advocacy, and mental health professionals with expertise in domestic violence, child abuse, and rape;
 - (c) Human immunodeficiency virus infection and acquired immunodeficiency

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1			virus syndrome; and			
2		(d)	Identification and investigation of, responding to, and reporting bias-related			
3			crime, victimization, or intimidation that is a result of or reasonably related to			
4			race, color, religion, sex, or national origin.			
5	(2)	The	council shall develop and approve mandatory professional development			
6		train	ing courses to be presented to all certified peace officers. A mandatory			
7		prof	essional development training course shall be first taken by a certified peace			
8		offic	er in the training year following its approval by the council and biennially			
9		there	eafter. A certified peace officer shall be required to take these courses no more			
10		than	two (2) times in eight (8) years.			
11	(3)	<u>The</u>	Justice and Public Safety Cabinet shall provide training on the subjects of			
12		<u>dom</u>	estic violence and abuse and may do so utilizing currently available			
13		<u>tech</u>	nology. All certified peace officers shall be required to complete this training			
14		at le	ast once every two (2) years.			
15	<u>(4)</u>	The	council shall promulgate administrative regulations in accordance with KRS			
16		Chapter 13A to establish mandatory basic training and professional developm				
17		train	ing courses.			
18	<u>(5)</u> {((4)]	The council shall make an annual report by December 31 each year to the			
19		Legi	slative Research Commission that details the subjects and content of mandatory			
20		profe	essional development training courses established during the past year and the			
21		subje	ects under consideration for future mandatory training.			
22		→ Se	ection 17. KRS 431.005 is amended to read as follows:			
23	(1)	A pe	ace officer may make an arrest:			
24		(a)	In obedience to a warrant; or			
25		(b)	Without a warrant when a felony is committed in his presence; or			
26		(c)	Without a warrant when he has probable cause to believe that the person being			
27			arrested has committed a felony; or			

1	(d)	Without a warrant when a misdemeanor, as defined in KRS 431.060, has b	een
2		committed in his presence; or	

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- (e) Without a warrant when a violation of KRS 189.290, 189.393, 189.520, 189.580, 511.080, or 525.070 has been committed in his presence, except that a violation of KRS 189A.010 or KRS 281A.210 need not be committed in his presence in order to make an arrest without a warrant if the officer has probable cause to believe that the person has violated KRS 189A.010 or KRS 281A.210.
- 9 (2) (a) Any peace officer may arrest a person without warrant when the peace officer
 10 has probable cause to believe that the person has intentionally or wantonly
 11 caused physical injury to a family member or member of an unmarried couple.
 - (b) For the purposes of this subsection, the term "family member" <u>has the same</u>

 <u>meaning as set out in Section 1 of this Act</u>[means a spouse, including a

 former spouse, a parent, a grandparent, a child, a stepchild, or any other

 person related by consanguinity or affinity within the second degree].
 - (c) For the purpose of this subsection, the term "member of an unmarried couple"

 **Mas the same meaning as set out in Section 1 of this Act[means each member of an unmarried couple which allegedly has a child in common, any children of that couple, or a member of an unmarried couple who are living together or have formerly lived together].
- 21 (3) A peace officer may arrest a person without a warrant when the peace officer has 22 probable cause to believe that the person is a sexual offender who has failed to 23 comply with the Kentucky Sex Offender Registry requirements based upon 24 information received from the Law Information Network of Kentucky.
- 25 (4) For purposes of subsections (2) and (3) of this section, a "peace officer" is an officer 26 certified pursuant to KRS 15.380.
- 27 (5) If a law enforcement officer has probable cause to believe that a person has violated

1		a condition of release imposed in accordance with KRS 431.064 and verifies that
2		the alleged violator has notice of the conditions, the officer shall, without a warrant,
3		arrest the alleged violator whether the violation was committed in or outside the
4		presence of the officer.
5	(6)	A private person may make an arrest when a felony has been committed in fact and
6		he has probable cause to believe that the person being arrested has committed it.
7	(7)	If a law enforcement officer has probable cause to believe that a person has violated
8		a restraining order issued under KRS 508.155, then the officer shall, without a
9		warrant, arrest the alleged violator whether the violation was committed in or
10		outside the presence of the officer.
11		→ SECTION 18. A NEW SECTION OF KRS CHAPTER 511 IS CREATED TO
12	REA	AD AS FOLLOWS:
13	<u>(1)</u>	As used in this section, "domestic violence shelter" means a residential facility
14		providing protective shelter services for domestic violence victims.
15	(2)	
IJ	<u>(2)</u>	A person is guilty of domestic violence shelter trespass when:
16	(2)	A person is guilty of domestic violence shelter trespass when: (a) The person enters the buildings or premises of a domestic violence shelter
	(2)	
16	(2)	(a) The person enters the buildings or premises of a domestic violence shelter
16 17	(2)	(a) The person enters the buildings or premises of a domestic violence shelter that the person knows or should know is a domestic violence shelter or
16 17 18	(2)	(a) The person enters the buildings or premises of a domestic violence shelter that the person knows or should know is a domestic violence shelter or which is clearly marked on the building or premises as being a domestic
16 17 18 19	(2)	(a) The person enters the buildings or premises of a domestic violence shelter that the person knows or should know is a domestic violence shelter or which is clearly marked on the building or premises as being a domestic violence shelter; and
16 17 18 19	(2)	(a) The person enters the buildings or premises of a domestic violence shelter that the person knows or should know is a domestic violence shelter or which is clearly marked on the building or premises as being a domestic violence shelter; and (b) At the time of the entering, the person is the subject of an order of
16 17 18 19 20 21	(3)	 (a) The person enters the buildings or premises of a domestic violence shelter that the person knows or should know is a domestic violence shelter or which is clearly marked on the building or premises as being a domestic violence shelter; and (b) At the time of the entering, the person is the subject of an order of protection entered under Section 2 or 5 of this Act or a foreign protective
116 117 118 119 220 221		 (a) The person enters the buildings or premises of a domestic violence shelter that the person knows or should know is a domestic violence shelter or which is clearly marked on the building or premises as being a domestic violence shelter; and (b) At the time of the entering, the person is the subject of an order of protection entered under Section 2 or 5 of this Act or a foreign protective order filed under KRS 403.7521.
116 117 118 119 220 221 222 223		 (a) The person enters the buildings or premises of a domestic violence shelter that the person knows or should know is a domestic violence shelter or which is clearly marked on the building or premises as being a domestic violence shelter; and (b) At the time of the entering, the person is the subject of an order of protection entered under Section 2 or 5 of this Act or a foreign protective order filed under KRS 403.7521. It shall be a defense to a prosecution under this section that the person entered
116 117 118 119 220 221 222 223		(a) The person enters the buildings or premises of a domestic violence shelter that the person knows or should know is a domestic violence shelter or which is clearly marked on the building or premises as being a domestic violence shelter; and (b) At the time of the entering, the person is the subject of an order of protection entered under Section 2 or 5 of this Act or a foreign protective order filed under KRS 403.7521. It shall be a defense to a prosecution under this section that the person entered the shelter with the permission of the operator of the shelter after disclosing to

1	<u>(4)</u>	A person	shall not	be cor	nvicted of	f a violation	of this	section	and a	violation	of
2		KRS 511.	060, 511,0	70. or	511.080	arising from	the san	ne act of	trespa	SS.	

- 3 (5) Domestic violence shelter trespass is a Class A misdemeanor.
- Section 19. KRS 403.735 is amended to read as follows:
- 5 (1) Upon the filing of a petition, as provided for in KRS 403.725, the court, after
- 6 review of the petition and determining that domestic violence and abuse exists,
- without a jury, shall utilize one (1) of the alternatives provided for in KRS 403.740
- 8 or 403.745.
- 9 (2) A court may issue mutual protective orders only if a separate petition is filed by the
- respondent. Pursuant to KRS 403.740 and 403.750, the court shall then provide
- orders, sufficiently specific to apprise any peace officer as to which party has
- violated the order if there is probable cause to believe a violation of the order has
- 13 occurred.
- 14 (3) (a) All courts shall provide twenty-four (24) hour access to emergency protective
- orders.
- 16 (b) Each court shall submit written procedures for twenty-four (24) hour
- accessibility to be reviewed and approved by the Kentucky Supreme Court.
- 18 (c) Each court shall establish the local protocol in domestic violence matters in
- which there may be joint jurisdiction between District and Circuit Court. Each
- 20 court shall submit the written procedures to be reviewed and approved by the
- 21 Kentucky Supreme Court.
- 22 (d) All amendments or revisions to the local procedures required pursuant to this
- section shall be submitted to the Kentucky Supreme Court for review and
- 24 approval.
- 25 (4) If an emergency protective order is not issued, the court shall note on the petition,
- for the record, any action taken or denied and the reason for it.
- 27 (5) If the court determines that the petitioner is not eligible for an emergency

l	protective order, the court shall inform the petitioner of the petitioner's ability to
2	contact the county attorney as provided in Section 4 of this Act.

3 <u>(6){(5)}</u> An order of protection issued under the provisions of KRS 403.715 to 403.785 4 shall become effective and binding on the respondent at the time of personal service or when the respondent is given notice of the existence and terms of the order by a 5 peace officer or the court, whichever is earlier. After notice of the existence and 6 7 terms of the order is given to the respondent, a peace officer or the court may enforce the terms of the order, and act immediately upon any violation of the order. 8 9 After notice of the order, all reasonable efforts shall be made by the peace officer or the court to arrange for personal service of the order upon the respondent. 10

11 → Section 20. This Act shall be known as the "Amanda Ross Domestic Violence
12 Prevention Act."

Speaker-House of Representatives

President of Senate

Attest:

Chief Clerk of House of Representatives

Approved

Governo

Date

april 26, 2010